### Franklin County Tourist Development Council Board Meeting TDC Office Meeting Room Agenda Wednesday, April 10th, 2:00 P.M.

### **AGENDA**

1. Welcome/Call to Order Commissioner Jones

2. Prayer and Pledge of Allegiance

3. Quorum Announcement Solomon

4. Approval of the Minutes of Feb 14th Action Item Davis

5. Public Comments

6. Administrative Reports

• FCTDC Collections Report Davis/Solomon

• Expenditures to Budget Davis

### **Promotions Report**

Bay Media
 Web Master Report
 Visitor Numbers
 Administrative Items
 Clark
 Kendrick
 Solomon

### **New business**

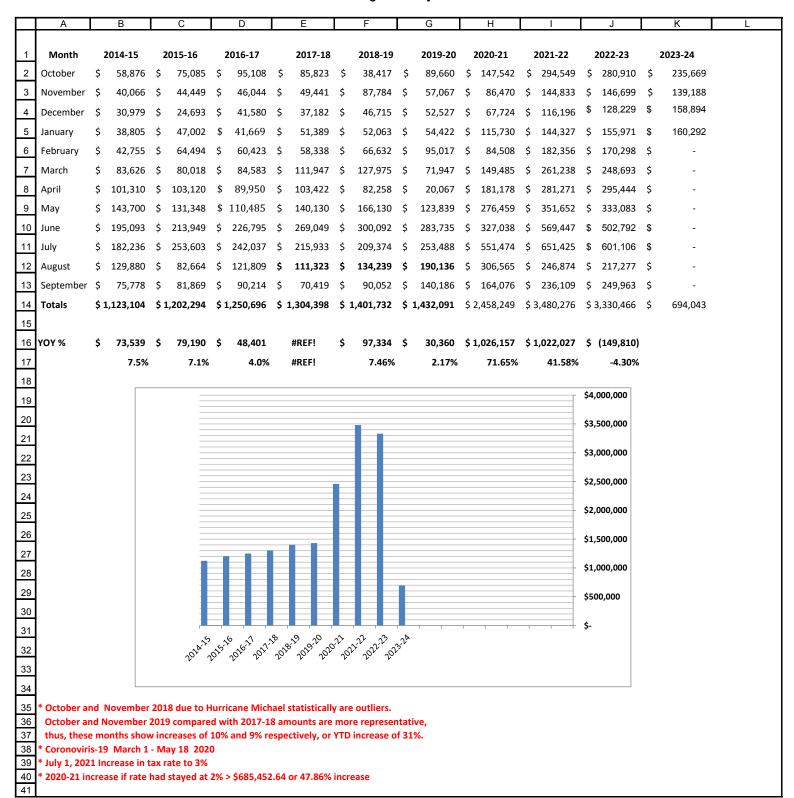
- A. Alligator Point New Sign Request
- B. Promotional Items Request

### Reports by Local Government Representatives:

- A. City of Apalachicola:
- B. City of Carrabelle:
- C. Franklin County: TDC Board Policy Update
- 7. Reports from Member Organizations
- 8. Board Comments

Meeting Announcements: TDC Board Meeting Wednesday, May 8th, 2024 at 2:00 pm at TDC Office meeting room

### FCTDC Collections Report for 2012-2024 Year-to-Date Report Through January 2024



### 2023-24 Budget March 2024

	A		В	С	D	Е
1		Exp	ensed YTD	Budget	Balance	% of Budget
2	ADMINISTRATION - 60002	\$	68,670	\$ 174,000	\$ 105,330	39%
3	COUNTY ADMINISTRATION - 60003	\$	500			
4	INFRASTRUCTURE - 60004	\$	499,999	\$ 3,645,376	\$ 3,145,377	14%
5	Aid to Local Governments - 60005	\$	394,622	\$ 3,330,376	\$ 2,935,754	12%
6	Infrastructure Projects - per statue - 60006	\$	344,335	\$ 1,564,188	\$ 1,219,853	22%
14	Beach Cleanup (Quarterly) - 60007	\$	49,500	\$ 99,000	\$ 49,500	50%
15	Armory Website Page Addition - 60009	\$	-	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	0%
16	Museum Infrastructure Grant Program - 60011	\$	788	\$ 100,000	\$ 99,213	1%
17	Aid to Non-Profits - 60012	\$	105,000	\$ 285,000	\$ 180,000	37%
18	Museum Grants - (\$3,750 each per quarterly) - 60013	\$	15,000	\$ 105,000	\$ 90,000	14%
19	Visitor Centers (Quarterly) - 60014	\$	90,000	\$ 180,000	\$ 90,000	50%
20	TDC Maintenance and Repairs - 60015	\$	377	\$ 30,000	\$ 29,623	1%
21	TDC Building Maintenance /Repairs - 60016	\$	377			
22	Insurance TDC Property Insurance	\$	-			
23	SGI Lighthouse Museum Flood Insurance	\$	-			
24	PROMOTIONAL BUDGET - 60017	\$	367,439	\$ 1,267,812	\$ 900,373	29%
25	Non-Profit Event Promotions - 60018	\$	15,752	\$ 163,000	\$ 147,248	10%
26	Non-Profit Promotion Grants - 60019	\$	267	\$ 123,000	\$ 107,248	13%
27	Museum Promotional Grants (Events by Museums) 60020	\$	15,485	\$ 40,000	\$ 39,733	1%
28	New Promotional Opportunities - 60021	\$	27,810	\$ 30,000	\$ 2,190	93%
29	Vendor Contracted Retainers - 60023	\$	56,665	\$ 131,000	\$ 74,335	43%
30	2K Webgroup - Internet (\$ 3333.33 / Month) - 60024	\$	20,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 20,000	50%
31	Bay Media - Web (\$ 3333.33 / Month) - 60025	\$	16,665	\$ 40,000	\$ 23,335	42%
32	Forgotten Coast TV (\$3000 / Month) - 60026	\$	15,000	\$ 36,000	\$ 21,000	42%
33	Oystter Radio ( \$ 1,250 / Month) - 60027	\$	5,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 10,000	33%
34	Internet Advertising - 60028	\$	112,479	\$ 238,600	\$ 126,121	47%
35	2K Social Media Campaigns - 60029	\$	17,500	\$ 35,000	\$ 17,500	50%
36	Non-Contractual Website - 60030	\$	1,016	\$ 10,000	\$ 8,984	10%
37	Search Engine Optimization - 60031	\$	9,490	\$ 28,500	\$ 19,010	33%
38	Market Research & email marketing - 60032	\$	7,251	\$ 6,000	\$ (1,251)	121%
39	Internet Marketing (Google, etc) - 60033	\$	65,878	\$ 130,000	\$ 64,122	51%
40	14% Production - 60034	\$	11,345	\$ 23,100	\$ 11,755	49%
41	Website Revisions - 60035	\$	-	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	0%
42	Print - 60036	\$	103,313	\$ 246,012	\$ 142,699	42%
43	Digital/Banner Adds (Bay Media) - 60037	\$	5,950	\$ 25,800	\$ 19,850	23%
44	Banner Ads- 14% Production - 60038 *			\$ 3,612	\$ 3,612	0%
45	Content Production - 60039	\$	553	\$ 12,000	\$ 11,448	5%
46	Print Advetising - 60040	\$	89,103	\$ 150,000	\$ 60,897	59%
47	14% Production ( Print Advertising) - 60038 *	\$	7,708	\$ 19,300	\$ 11,592	40%
48	Printing Promotional Materials (brochures) - 60041	\$	-	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	0%
49	Photography - 60042	\$	-	\$ 13,200	\$ 13,200	0%
50	Photo Library - 60043	\$	-	\$ 8,500	\$ 8,500	0%
51	Photo Setup (materials, actors, etc.) - 60044	\$	-	\$ 4,700	\$ 4,700	0%

04/06/2024 1

### 2023-24 Budget March 2024

	Α		В	C	D	Е
1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ехр	ensed YTD	Budget	Balance	% of Budget
52	Welcoming Tourists - 60045	\$	5,520	\$ 55,000	\$ 49,480	10%
53	Airport Signage/Display - Clear Channel Tallahassee - 60046	\$	1,770	\$ 10,000	\$ 8,230	18%
54	Historical Signage - 60048	\$	-	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	0%
55	Additional Signage (roadside, storefront, billboards) - 60049	\$	3,750	\$ 20,000	\$ 16,250	19%
56	TV and Radio Advertising - 60050	\$	2,500	\$ 45,000	\$ 42,500	6%
57	Radio (FSU, Cumulus, Out of Area, etc)- 60051	\$	-	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	0%
58	Television Advertising - 60052	\$	2,500	\$ 35,000	\$ 32,500	7%
59	Video Production - 60053	\$	11,950	\$ 51,000	\$ 39,050	23%
60	Video Library - 60054	\$	2,200	\$ 10,000	\$ 7,800	22%
61	Commercials / Specials - 60055	\$	9,750	\$ 10,000	\$ 250	<u>98%</u>
62	Video Production- PSAs - 60056	\$	-	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	0%
63	Video Production -TV Shows - 60057	\$	-	\$ 26,000	\$ 26,000	0%
64	Partnerships (co-ops) - 60058	\$	-	\$ 30,500	\$ 30,500	0%
65	VF State Welcome Center - Kids Corner - 60059	\$	-	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	0%
66	Explore NW Florida Beaches/ Visit Florida Grant - 60062	\$	-	\$ 16,000	\$ 16,000	0%
67	98 Corridor Mkting - 60060	\$	-	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	0%
68	COCA Banner - 60061	\$	-	\$ 5,500	\$ 5,500	0%
69	Special Events and Outreach - 60070	\$	25,398	\$ 170,500	\$ 145,102	15%
70	Webcam Installation/Maintenance - 60071	\$	-	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	0%
71	Get-a-Way Contests - 60072	\$	1,578	\$ 20,000	\$ 18,422	8%
72	Hospitality Training - 60073	\$	-	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	0%
73	Journalists Visits - 60074	\$	-	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	0%
74	Mentoring /Scholarships - 60075	\$	-	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	0%
75	Promotional Items - 60076	\$	-	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	0%
76	Visitor Guide Production - 60077	\$	-	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	0%
77	Visitor Guide, Promotion, Office Mailings (Postage) - 60080	\$	2,884	\$ 35,000	\$ 32,116	8%
78	New Software Advancements - 60081	\$	6,536	\$ 13,000	\$ 6,464	50%
79	CrowRiff - 60082	\$	-	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	0%
80	Wander Map - 60083	\$	6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ -	100%
81	Keydata Dashboard - 60084	\$	8,400	\$ 8,500	\$ 100	99%
82	Forgotten Coast Mobile App - 60085	\$	-	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	0%
83	Dues/Memberships/Meetings /Conferences - 60090	\$	6,051	\$ 29,000	\$ 22,949	21%
89	VF, STS, FOWA, NOWA,COCA,DMO Assn, NWTDCC - 60093	\$	6,051	\$ 13,000	\$ 6,949	47%
90	Gov Conferences/Meetings(Registration/ Accomod - 60092	\$	-	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	0%
91	Travel/Conferences/Meetings (perdeim/mileage) - 60091	\$	-	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	0%
92	Explore NW Florida (Riverway South) Membership - 60094	\$	-	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	0%
93	TOTAL BUDGET2023-24	\$	936,608	\$ 5,087,188	\$ 4,151,080	18%

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### **DESIGN. MARKETING. CONTENT**

March 28, 2024

To: TDC Board Members

From: C. Clark

Subject: April 2024 marketing report

**METRICS ANALYSIS OF APRIL NEWSLETTER** launched Thursday, March 21 to 109,140 recipients. The reader open rate averaged 28.8% and the click to open rate averaged 2.4%. There were 25 trackable links in the newsletter. The highest number of click throughs registered as follows: SGI Lighthouse Full Moon (16.6%), Crooked River Lighthouse Full Moon (7%), Carrabelle Riverfront Festival (6%), Home & Garden Tour (5.4%), survey (5.2%).

### **EMAIL MARKETING DATABASE DETAILS:**

Total Database: June 19, 2011: 7,410 Total Database: January 3, 2024: 109,697

### MARKETING/MEDIA COORDINATION

Production: April Newsletter

Production: Maritime Museum Exhibit Displays

### **AD BUY REQUEST**

*Florida Sportfishing -* July/August issue. Print and digital - Full page \$2905 plus digimag video link. This is the issue we are expecting to see considerable editorial coverage.

*Orlando Magazine* - Great Getaways /September Issue. 2 page spread - \$3887.40. Includes digital, enewsletter and social media coverage. 134K readership, 115K social media. Orlando is ranked #... in visitor origin for Franklin County.

Visit Florida Media Tour - Domestic audience. Lodging Package Request \$5000.

# Sponges - A Squishy Industiy Area Sponge Industry was Popular but Short-lived







successful fishery that flourished building skills, cultural and immigrating to Florida in the was a lucrative fishery in century, the sponge industry early decades of the twentieth From the mid-1870's to the here tor more than 50 years late 1800s brought their sponge Franklin County. Greek families narvesting knowledge, boat

maritime era alive by scanning the QR code **Bring Franklin** County's early

sponge fleet in Florida next to during that time and by 1879 a large sponge fleet of its own By 1895, there were two sponge By 1879, Apalachicola <u>was</u> Exchange where the sponges to the Apalachicola Sponge their sponges and taking them Key West. By the late 1800s, Carrabelle had the largest Carrabelle had also developed men employed by this industry boats and approximately 100 fleet of 16 sponge harvesting warehouses in Apalachicola, a home to 16 sponge vessels. eeming with fishermen unloading he Apalachicola watertront was

in the early 1900s brought more was profitable but short-lived. The arrival of diving technology Franklin County's sponge industry

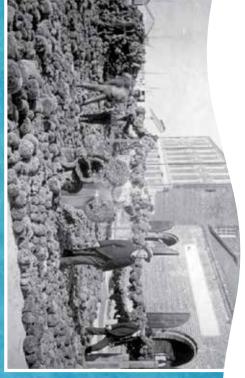
shipped the sponges to San

were auctioned to dealers, who

a few small dinghies, usually a harvesting method called neck. Sponges were brought to glasses were used to view the each dinghy, one slowly sculling schooners. Each vessel carried Gulf were typically small three-pronged iron hook in boxes or buckets with a glass The sponge fleet of the Northern bottom, often worn around the feet in length. Two men worked locally-built boats from 12-15 nooked the catch. Sponge ne boat as the other sited and

of overharvesting, blight, and the efficiency to harvesting. By divers but sustainable harvesting sponge harvesting area along much of Florida's Northern Gulf when the State reopened the around the 1930s a combination hose method pioneered by Gree in Franklin County. Modern loday, you may find locallynorthern Gulf and extended the harvesting was banned in the led to the depletion of the sponge invention of synthetic sponges northern Gulf waters until 2007

County maritime history. Visit floridasforgottencoast.com to learn more about Franklin



Above: Apalachicola Sponge Exchange, circa 1890. Taken on Avenue E looking southeast towards wate Far left: Apalachicola sponge packing warehouse, circa 1900. Middle: Sponge boat with haul. Left: You can still find sponges at Franklin County retailers.



boat builders, and their families still live in Apalachicola. You can find locally-sourced sponges in retail shops in Franklin County. Descendants of Greek sponge divers, one of the original sponge warehouses. at 16 Avenue E was built in 1831 and is district. The Sponge Exchange, located One of the original sponge warehouses remains in Apalachicola's historic downtown



In a control of the control of the control of the century Greek sponge diving suit turn-of-the-century Greek sponge diving suit turn-of-the-century Greek sponge diving suit turn-of-the-century Greek sponge diving the control of the Carrabelle History museum is located one The Carrabelle History Museum features a

## Franklin County's Neptune Bounty Oysters Are Area's First Important Seafood Industry







Oysters were sold locally in Franklin County as early as 1836, harvested much the same in as they are today with scissor-shaped tongs hoisted aboard shallow-draft skifts. By 1850, woysters had begun to be packed in barrels and shipped aboard steamers headed north or to other neighboring states. During the Civil War (1861-1865) no oyster business was done but following the war, shipments resumed and increased.

Apalachicola Bay is historically the premier wild oyster harvesting area in the state. Franklin County waters once produced 90% percent of Florida's oysters and 10% of the nations' supply.

Over the years, the commercial oyster industry has been affected by weather and man-made influences. Freshets (influx of fresh water), hurricanes and even documented severe freezes dating back to the 1890s have impacted oyster production in and around Apalachicola Bay.

Recent years have seen similar challenges. The harvest of "wild" oysters dropped dramatically in 2013 following years of decreased freshwater flow conditions throughout the Apalachicola-Chattahoochee-Flint River basin. The collapse of this fishery had devastating impacts to oyster harvesters, seafood processers, and the community.

Above left: wild oysters were harvested in the 1800s much the same way they are today. Top: Oyster shuckers. Above: Joseph C. Messina and Company were one of several early oyster canneries. Photographs courtesy of the Florida State Archives. Colorization by Bill Price.

By 2020, Apalachicola Bay's natural oyster population dwindled so precipitously that the Florida Fish and Wildlife Commission suspended the harvest of wild-caught oysters from public harvesting areas until 2025.

Since then, scientists who are studying the problem say conditions are improving and the oyster populations are slowly rebounding for the public oyster hars



### Oyster Facts

water. A single temale oyster and sperm into the warm salty country) in these waters reaching rapidly (the fastest in the virginica. Oysters here grow colonies called reefs, bars or bivalve mollusks form large attached to substrate, these a hard substrate and become a eggs per spawn and as many as can discharge 10-20 million the summer to release eggs wild oysters are diploids which marketable size in less than in water with their gills to extract beds. Oysters teed by drawing tiny oyster called "spat." Once larvae develop quickly, attach to fertilization, the tree-floating 100 million per season. Upon means that they spawn during two years. Apalachicola Bay's its scientific name Crassostrea "Eastern" oyster, also known by is based on the highly preferred Franklin County's oyster industry

Learn more about Apalachicola Bay oysters at the Apalachicola National Estuarine Research Reserve (ANERR) Visitor Center located in Eastpoint at 108 Island Drive. The ANERR Visitor Center features exhibits, live fish tanks, and a ½ scale model oyster boat.

### Farmers of the Bay **Oyster Harvesting Methods**





each other in great mass. Some oyster oyster community thrives, building upon etc...). It the conditions are right the to a stable surtace (rocks, tallen trees oysters (called spat) attaching themselves in large groups, called an oyster bed An oyster bed begins by smaller, baby In the wild, oysters are usually found beds can extend for several nautical

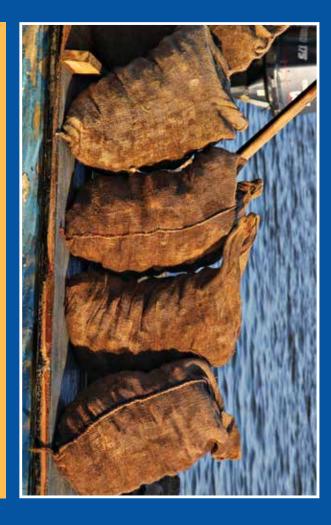
harvest the oysters trom small boats by scanning the QR early seafood era alive Bring Franklin County's in a scissor

Tongers (traditionally called "oystermen")

and sometimes equipped with a "dog considered legally harvestable) separate the oysters by size (oysters must shelter from bad weather. Tongers are with a culling board near the bow use a small wooden boat equipped be at least three inches in length to be accompanied usually by "cullers" who house" or small covered area to provide

burlap sacks and shaded until they reach and package them for sale either in bags or boxes or pass them onto shuckers employ "housemen" who sort the oysters sold either in pints or gallons. where they will be shucked, washed and Out on the bay, oysters are stored in the shore. On the shore, seatood houses

to learn more about Franklin County Visit floridasforgottencoast.com



# Farming the Bay with Aquaculture

of seafood workers who are producing their own seeing a new generation around Apalachicola Bay. oysters using innovative leased parcels in and tarming methods on small,



Aquaculture farming consists of three stages: production of small seed in a hatchery, growout on an open-water land-based nursery, and rearing of larger seed in a

and futures on state-leased water plots in catching on in Franklin County. More than and around Apalachicola Bay 60 lease holders have now staked their claim Florida's growing aquaculture industry is

oysters using scissor-shaped tongs find. Traditional oystermen harvest those differently than their wild-caught brethren. attach to the tirst hard surtace the spat can In the wild, juvenile oysters, known as spat Farmed oysters are grown and harvested

> direct seed the bay bottom on privatelyor bags, although some leaseholders also leaseholders grow oysters in floating cages Around Apalachicola Bay,

Consumer Services (FDACS) and enforced by by the Florida Department of Agriculture and County are governed by rules administered the Florida Wildlife Commission (FWC). sale and transportation of oysters in Franklin rules as wild-caught oysters. The harvest, Lease-grown oysters are subject to the same

# When Cotton was King

Franklin County's Earliest Maritime Economies Depended on the River

Less than 10 years after Apalachicola was established in 1831, the town reveled in a cotton boom that lasted nearly 20 years and catapulted the town to rank as third largest cotton shipping port on the Gulf of Mexico.

During the 1840s and early 1850s, cotton from farms upriver were loaded onto steamboats that traveled downriver and unloaded their cargo along the Apalachicola waterfront

Bring Franklin
County's early cotton,
lumber and steamboat
era alive by scanning
the QR code below.

Once unloaded, cotton was weighed, and stockpiled in warehouses that lined the waterfront. From there it was sold and reloaded onto shallow-draft schooners that ferried the cargo to larger vessels waiting offshore.

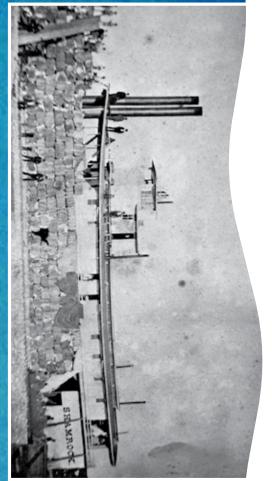
During Apalachicola's cotton era, mountains of "white gold" spilled from the warehouses and clogged the streets. During the winter of 1853, 140,000 bales of cotton passed through the bustling port town and the town's population had swelled to several thousand.

Apalachicola's economy during the mid 1800s was dependent upon cotton and upon the river which brought that cotton to market. Fortunately, the months when the river was high enough for steamboat traffic coincided with the period when cotton was ready for shipment - usually May through early October.

Apalachicola's cotton boom was not destined to last however. A combination of transportation challenges hampered Apalachicola's growth as a cotton shipping port. River travel by steamboat was often dangerous and, by the 1860s, an expanding railroad network siphoned off much of the river shipping business. The Civil War and ensuing river blockades were also disruptive forces.

The end of cotton era heralded the beginning of the lumber era in Franklin County. Several lumber mills were established along the river in the years right after the Civil War and by the late 1870s, the lumber industry flourished.

Visit floridasforgottencoast.com to learn more about Franklin County maritime history, museums, and historic sites.







Top: Cotton bales filled the Apalachicola waterfront when steamboats such as the Shamrock arrived in Apalachicola to unload from farms upriver. Above left: Middlebrook warehouse was one of more than 50 brick buildings used for river commerce during the 1800s. Above right: cotton farming upriver contributed to Apalachicola earliest maritime economy. Photographs courtesy of the Florida State Archives.





You can still see remnants of Apalachicola's cotton era in the form of two remaining brick warehouses located along the Apalachicola River. The Harrison-Raney warehouse and neighboring Middlebrook warehouse are the only two remaining brick structures built along Apalachicola's Water Street when "Cotton Was King." Originally, there were more than fifty of the three-story brick warehouses lining the waterfront.

# The Early Railroad Era

# Railroads brought reliable shipping to the area and helped boost commercial prosperity for all

The emergence of railroads to North Florida in the mid 1830s was propelled by a need for more reliable shipping alternatives.
Steamboats ruled the river during the early to mid 1800s but were not always reliable, hindered constantly by unpredictable river levels, snags and mechanical problems

The first railroad engine to steam into Franklin County arrived in Carrabelle in 1894. The

Bring Franklin County's early railroad era alive by scanning the QR code below.

> Carrabelle, Tallahassee and resort hotel east of Carrabelle. Lanark Springs Hotel, a luxurious from Tallahassee to stay at the north, as well as bringing in mullet and other goods to points were loaded with salted-down Florida line. While at the and northward to the Georgia-Carrabelle through Tallahassee a 70-mile route extending from incorporated in 1891 to build Georgia Railroad (CT&G) was needed supplies for the residents Carrabelle terminus, rail cars The railroad also brought tourists

businessman Charles B.

Duff and partners chartered
the Apalachicola Northern
Railroad (ANR). Construction
began in 1905 and the first
railroad engine to steam into
Apalachicola arrived on April
30, 1907 amid a town-wide
celebration. The Apalachicola
Northern Railroad (ANR)
tracks entered town at the north
end of Market Street and ran

parallel along Water Street to its terminus at the Railroad Depot located near Commerce Street and Avenue G. A spur of the rail line extended to the south end of Water Street to the Florida Promenade (Battery Park) where it serviced canneries such as the Ruge Brothers and others. The ANR ran north of Apalachicola to Chattahochee where an interchange was made with the Atlantic Coast Line.

The completion of the ANR proved to be a boon to both the timber and seafood industry that had begun to emerge in the early 20th century. Rail commerce flourished in the area until the timber resources started to dwindle in the 1920s. In 1933, the ANR was purchased by Alfred I. duPont to service the St. Joe Paper Company mill in Port St. Joe which operated there from 1936 to 1996.



The first railroad engine to steam into Apalachicola arrived on April 30, 1907 amid a town





Top: Early railroad workers braved area swamps to lay the tracks for the Apalachicola Northern Railroad. Middle: Carrabelle's CTG railroad hauled local goods north on one side of the railway station. The other side of the station was the steamboat depot. Above: Paddle steamers such as the "Creaent City" would meet the Carrabelle's CTG train and take on cargo and passengers bound for Apalachicola and St. Marks and points beyond.





Top: Railroad flyer promoting the CTG railroad run to the Lanark Springs Hotel east of Carabelle. Above: The Lanark Springs Hotel. Photographs courtesy of the Florida State Archives.

## Bountiful Harwest to Celebrate Franklin County's Seafood is Festival-Worthy!



ormer Apalachicola Mayor Jimmy Nicols (tar right) was an ardent supporter of Apalach and worked tirelessesly to promote the seafood festival. Photo courtesy Florida Archive.

maritime heritage and coasta Franklin County celebrates its celebrations throughout the year bounty with several seafood

by scanning the QR **Bring Franklin** code below. seafood industry alive County's early

> Florida Seafood Festival seatood celebration – the including the state's oldest

resources that abound in the visitors to Apalachicola the drawing tens of thousands o is a two-day event annually history interwoven with the Franklin County's maritime River and pays homage to mouth of the Apalachicola first weekend in November The festival is held at the The Florida Seafood Festiva

> The origin of the Florida Seafood Festival dates back sometime about 1916. arriving by steamboat to open saw King Retsyo and his court monarch. Early Mardi Gras events spelled backward) as its reigning introduced King Retsyo (Oyster Gras celebration in the early Mardi Gras Festival continued unti to the Apalachicola Mardi the ceremonies. Apalachicola's 1900s. That celebration first

and was officially renamed as the event earned the designation as Seafood Festival. In 1963, the area's maritime culture and was evolved into a celebration of the along the Apalachicola River, in 1946 to promote development Harbor Day, a celebration started the State's oldest maritime event

County events. to learn more about Franklin Visit floridasforgottencoast.com





Right Top: Harbor Day flyer from 1951. Left Top: Apalachicola's Mardi Gras celebration was the precursor to the area's seafood festival. Left Middle: Festivals from years past featured free food but only if you waited until politicians were done speaking! Below: The Florida Seafood Festival begins each year with the Blessing of the Fleet. Photos courtesy Florida Archive.

### HARBOR DAY

Jubites Pen und Jour Friends

Apalachicola, Florida

and have again

the occasion when these interested in the destinated of the Application - Continuouslaw - Plant Street Vallet and Ballot patter on the Johnson Park City. Progress on Salaron THESDAY, NOV. 12, 'M

- BE |

18:00 AM (EST). Hegistration starts. Bulley Propulses and of General Britan

19.28 Dedication of Gorde Rolder cased to St. John Gorde, because at an austin-by Albert A. Brifetten, Gamman State Send Days. 12;88 Free Seafood Disease surved by Aux. C. of C.

| 454s | |

1.10 TALERS ON SEVER DEVELOPMENT
THE PROMOTE A: Press SERVAL Nature of Communities
the Atlanta A. Press SERVAL Nature of Communities
that Jan Washell, Br., Press Challe, Nature C. of C.
V. N. Washell, Br., Press Challe, Nature
Col. V. N. Washell, The Press, Corps of Engineers
Februaries International Control
Colleges (Management of Community)

5:00 Harbor Day Dames at Port Counts Scooners for Heavy Heater Str., Fig. Nov. 3:98 Dedication of Fast Counds 124



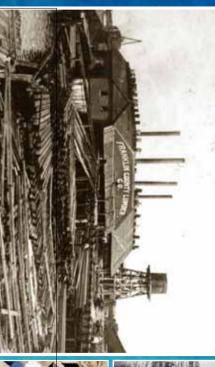
### Legend of King Retsyo

oysters and love longer." smoked, steamed and raw. After Retsyo returned to his tribe, his 12 wives gave birth to 12 sons. Thus the saying was born, "Eat fish and live longer, eat no children. Retsyo, exiled from the tribe because he had no heirs, was wading in the bay when he cut his foot on a shell, accidentally discovering the first oyster. Soon he devoured oysters — broiled, The legend of King Retsyo comes from an ancient tribe of Indians who lived in the Apalachicola (oyster spelled backwards), had many wives but River Valley. The tribe's great Indian prince, Retsy



John Cook as King Retsyo, 1912. Photo courtesy Cook family

## The Buzzsaw Heard Round the Region The Early Timber Industry Brought Prosperity to Franklin County







Far left: The Franklin County Lumber was a prominent umber mill in Carrabelle. Left top and bottom: Black men dominated timber work in Northern Florida during the late 19th and early 20th centuries, comprising more than half of the total population of loggers in the region. Logging teams were racially mixed; logging operations could only be safe and successful if all involved worked as a cohesive team. Photographs courtesy of the Florida State Archives. By the beginning of the 20th century,

area's cotton shipping trade. The area's first been dragged from the swamps surrounding railroad crossties from cypress logs that had "Mill Pond" in Apalachicola. The sawmill cut sawmill, the Pennsylvania Tie Company, prior to the Civil War on the heels of the Franklin County's timber industry emerged the Apalachicola River. was located at a site known today as the

and cut into transportable sections and then to process that timber. Trees were harvested vast acreages of timber and also the workers During the 1870s, North Florida possessed floated downstream to mills

> Once processed, most of the coastal sawmills shipment to Europe and Mexico. cut and terried lumber by shallow-draft lighters to larger ships waiting offshore for

County Lumber Company in Carrabelle Franklin County including the Franklin Lumber Mill. There were also mills in eastern Lumber Company and the Apalachicola coastal region. Early Apalachicola mills boom, more than 30 sawmills dotted along At the height of Franklin County's lumber included the Kennedy Lumber Company Mil the river and uplands of North Florida's he Kimball Lumber Company, the Cypress

> and it became clear that a taster more efficient shipping. and with it the promise of taster and more efficient means for shipping the industry to grow. Relief arrivec than the area's shipping tacilities the capacity of local mills was greater Northern Railroad rolled into town umber was necessary in order for

stands and declining, in part due to dwindling Franklin County's timber industry

era alive by scanning **Bring Franklin** the QR code below. lumber and steamboa County's early cotton,



### Sheip (Lumber

a plan to manufacture cigar box occupied a site beside Scipio mill which operated until the late 200 men were employed at the furniture. At one time, more than mill was also cutting lumber for lumber exclusively. By 1940 the purchased the mill in 1926 with Company owner Jerome Sheip Lumber Company, Sheip Lumber Company and later the Cypress the site of the Pennsylvania Tie Street in Apalachicola. Originally Creek at the north end of Market The Sheip Lumber Company



Top: The Sheip Lumber Company was the last lumber mill to operate at the site in Apalachicoda. Above: The Cypress Lumber Company after a burn in 1900. Photographs courtesy of the Florida State Archives.



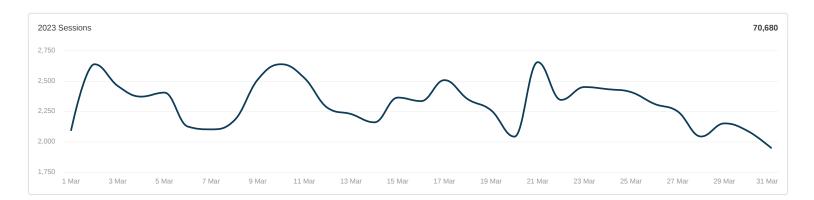


### **Franklin County TDC Monthly Marketing Report**

March 2024







2024 Sessions

70,680

2024 Bounce Rate

43.16%

2024 Goals Completed

1,851

2023 Sessions (Feb 1, 2023 - Feb 28, 2023)

82,693

2023 Bounce Rate (Feb 1, 2023 - Feb 28, 2023)

65.99%

2023 Goals Completed (Feb 1, 2023 - Feb 28, 2023)

5,355

### **Goals Completed**

### **Accommodation Requests**

2024 Goals Completed

513

2023 Goals Completed (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

532

### **Getaway Signups**

2024 Goals Completed

0

2023 Goals Completed (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

1,404

### **Visitor Guide Requests**

2024 Goals Completed

449

2023 Goals Completed (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

1,663

### **Visitor Guide Views**

2024 Goals Completed

218

2023 Goals Completed (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

1,688

### **Newsletter Signups**

2024 Goals Completed

513

2023 Goals Completed (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

629

### **Newsletter Views**

2024 Goals Completed

145

2023 Goals Completed (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

255



### **Top Cities**

Top 10 Cities			
CITY	SESSIONS	VIEWS	BOUNCE RATE
Atlanta	7,060	15,127	43.85%
(not set)	6,438	14,029	42.65%
Chicago	2,236	4,563	41.28%
Nashville	2,207	4,846	55.19%
Orlando	1,976	3,592	40.38%
Miami	1,449	2,620	43.06%
Birmingham	1,230	2,756	50.73%
Ashburn	1,147	2,113	49.96%
Dallas	1,094	2,015	40.49%
Louisville	984	2,043	52.95%

### **Most Popular Pages**

Top 10 Pages			
LANDING PAGE	SESSIONS	VIEWS	BOUNCE RATE
I	23,826	55,024	53.96%
/st-george-island	11,892	26,243	31.64%
/e-newsletter	4,534	5,852	71.53%
/apalachicola	3,598	9,342	26.82%
/things-to-see-do	2,088	5,412	28.07%
(not set)	1,811	2,580	96.19%
/alligator-point	1,513	3,113	27.23%
/carrabelle	1,071	2,503	30.44%
/things-to-see-do/webcams/st-george-island-florida-webcam	934	1,511	39.29%
/places-to-stay	890	3,639	15.06%



### **Organic Search**

2024 Organic Sessions

21,183

2024 Organic Pageviews

41,502

2024 Goals Completed

347

2023 Organic Sessions (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

28,512

2023 Organic Pageviews (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

55,135

2023 Goals Completed (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

586

### **Paid Search**

2024 Sessions

13,826

2024 Pageviews

33,599

2024 Goals Completed

362

2023 Sessions (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

18,948

2023 Pageviews (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

36,082

2023 Goals Completed (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

471

### **Social Media Overview**

2024 Social Audience

263 K

2024 Social Impressions

4.16 M

2024 Social Link Clicks

28,216

2023 Social Audience (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

247 K

2023 Social Impressions (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

4.29 M

2023 Social Link Clicks (Mar 1, 2023 - Mar 31, 2023)

77,247



### Most Popular Facebook Posts

				CLICKS
Mar 9, 2024	Step back in time and immerse yourself in	17,988	240	122
Mar 8, 2024	Don't let rain dampen your fun! 🤛 Check	9,443	38	105
Mar 12, 2024	We want to see your Spring Break memor	8,058	38	36
Mar 4, 2024	Check out what's going on in March on	7,718	50	159
Mar 17, 2024	Here's to a brew-tiful St. Paddy's Day on	6,248	73	98
Mar 21, 2024	Step back in time and immerse yourself in	5,904	125	57
Mar 5, 2024	Embrace the pace and savor every deli	5,675	72	99
Mar 7, 2024	No such thing as a "Ruff" day on Florida's	5,290	141	57
Mar 1, 2024	Some moments are just perfect. *> Le	4,719	94	37
Mar 22, 2024	Where every day feels like a coastal g	4,109	106	30



### Most Popular Instagram Posts

DATE	POST	REACH▼	POST ENGAGEMENT
Mar 4, 2024	Check out what's going on in March on Fl	2,276	119
Mar 8, 2024	Don't let rain dampen your fun! 💀 Check ou	2,240	92
Mar 12, 2024	We want to see your Spring Break memories	1,462	70
Mar 17, 2024	Here's to a brew-tiful St. Paddy's Day on Flor	1,422	78
Mar 20, 2024	Don't miss out on the artistic wonders awaiti	1,400	112
Mar 1, 2024	Some moments are just perfect. 🧎 📓 @	1,211	161
Mar 15, 2024	* C Enjoy special discounts on stays al	1,069	130
Mar 25, 2024	Starting off the week with a little taste of p	1,041	88
Mar 21, 2024	Step back in time and immerse yourself in th	1,016	144
⁄lar 6, 2024	Ready for a spring break that rejuvenates	940	119



**Print** 

**Email Newsletters** 

2024 Sessions

119

2024 Pageviews

495

2024 Goals Completed

2

2024 Sessions

1,495

2024 Pageviews

2,468

QR

2024 Goals Completed

38

**Banners** 

2024 Sessions

49

2024 Pageviews

104

2024 Goals Completed

0

2024 Sessions

3

2024 Pageviews

**14** 

2024 Goals Completed

0



### **April 2024 Update**

We have begun work on Re-Enactments videos that will be displayed at the TDC's Maritime Museum (Lombardi Property) when it opens later this year.

We have already completed one of the videos out of six. Topics will include oystering, shrimping, crabbing, logging, fin fishing, and steamboats.

Historical photographs and video footage will be used in the videos and each video will run between one to 3-minutes in length.

This series of videos will be completed by mid-May.

### **2024 VISITOR COUNT**

Month	M	01	٦t	h
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	Apalachicola	EPVC	SGI	Carrabelle	Total
January	1,563	205	684	191	2,643
February	1,864	357	931	283	3,435
March	1,873	377	968	287	3,505
April					
May					
June					
July					
August					
September					
October					
November					
December					
				TOTAL	9,583



### Alligator Point • St. Teresa Association

### **APSTA**

President
Dr. David Harris

1<sup>st</sup> Vice President Ray Pierce

2<sup>nd</sup> Vice President Rob Linebarger

Treasurer Nonda Meng

Secretary Lyra Erath

### JOHN SOLOMON

DIRECTOR• FRANKLIN COUNTY TOURIST DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL • 731 HWY 98 • EASTPOINT, FL 32328

February 19, 2024

Dear John Solomon,

The APSTA Board is writing to you on behalf of our community to request funding for replacing the existing Alligator Point and Bald Point welcome sign. The current welcome sign has become unsightly and illegible. The new sign would be installed at the current sign's location which is just north of Pine Street on Alligator Drive. The new sign announces that visitors are entering a "Golf Cart Community". This sign's location is also where the reduced speed limit of 30mph begins.

I have attached several documents to my email which outline the associated costs and the design of a new sign. Thank you for your consideration of funding this project. A new sign will significantly contribute to the beautification and appeal of Franklin County.

Sincerely, Alligator Point St Teresa Association

Lyra Erath, APSTA Secretary





SIGN PANEL CONSTRUCTED OF HDU (HIGH DENSITY URETHANE) ACCESS MY WEBSITE WWW.WEATHERTOPWOODCRAFT.NET START TO FINISH AND HDU PAGES FOR INFORMATION AND IMAGES REGARDING THIS MATERIAL

\$2350.00

### What are our signs made of?

High Density Urethane (HDU). This substrate has been developed to eliminate the negative aspects of exterior wood signage (warping, cracking, delaminating, checkink etc.) We have done dimensional signs for 35 years and have experienced these drawbacks which is why HDU is used. Folks invest in quality signage- it should remain that way.

### Approximate Cost of Sign Installation

### Lyra Erath APSTA

### DESCRIPTION

4 Bags Concrete \$54 4x4x8 Pressure Treated Posts \$42 Installation at Location \$500

SUBTOTAL TAX TOTAL

Accepted Date

ESTIMATE # 1093 DATE 02/19/2024

596.00

596.00T

596.00 44.70

\$640.70

The existing Alligator Point and Bald Point "Welcome Sign":



### Promotional Items Request

### Budget \$5,000

500 Tote Bags - \$850.00

1000 Stickers 4" Diameter – \$535.00

200 Franklin County Challenge Coins - \$1315.00

500 Motel Style Keychain - \$500.00

1000 Ink Pens - \$330.00

500 Can Koozies – \$607.00

500 Bottle Opener Flashlight Keychain – \$590.00

Total: \$4727.00